



USN

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**17CS53**

## Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb.2021 Database Management System

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.**

### Module-1

- 1 a. Discuss the main characteristics of the database approach and how it differs from traditional file systems? (08 Marks)
- b. What are the different types of database end users? Discuss the main activities of each. (06 Marks)
- c. Describe the three schema architecture? (06 Marks)

**OR**

- 2 a. Design an ER diagram for company database with atleast four entities. (08 Marks)
- b. What is meant by Recursive relationship type? Give some example of recursive relationship type. (06 Marks)
- c. What is Generalization? Illustrate how it is helpful with an example. (06 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. Discuss the characteristics of relation that make them different from ordinary tables. (08 Marks)
- b. Discuss DIVISION operation. Find the quotient for the following :  $A/B_1$ ,  $A/B_2$  and  $A/B_3$ ; where A,  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$  and  $B_3$  are

A =

SN <sub>o.</sub>	PN <sub>o.</sub>
S <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>
S <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>
S <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>
S <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>
S <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>
S <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>
S <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>
S <sub>4</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>
S <sub>4</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>

$B_1 =$

PN <sub>o.</sub>
P <sub>2</sub>

$B_2 =$

PN <sub>o.</sub>
P <sub>2</sub>
P <sub>4</sub>

$B_3 =$

PN <sub>o.</sub>
P <sub>1</sub>
P <sub>2</sub>
P <sub>4</sub>

- c. Explain the basic datatypes available for attributes in SQL. (08 Marks)

(04 Marks)

**OR**

- 4 a. Explain the steps to convert the basic ER model to Relational Database Schema? (10 Marks)
- b. For the following relations for a book club :

MEMBERS (member-id, Name, Designation, Age)

BOOKS (Bookid, BookTitle, Book-Author, Book-Publisher, Book-price)

RESERVES (Member-id, Book-id, Date)

Write the SQL queries,

- (i) Find the names of members who are professors older than 45 years.
- (ii) List the titles of books reserved by professors.
- (iii) Find ID's of members who have not reserved books that cost more than Rs.500.
- (iv) Find the authors and titles of books reserved on 27-May-2017.
- (v) Find the names of members who have reserved all books. (10 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. What are the components of the JDBC architecture? Describe four different architectural alternatives for JDBC drivers. (10 Marks)
- b. Why are stored procedures important? How do we declare stored procedure and how they called from application code? (05 Marks)
- c. Explain the impedance mismatch between host Languages and SQL. (05 Marks)

**OR**

- 6 a. What is a three tier architecture? What advantages it offer over single tier and two tier architectures? Give a short overview of the functionality at each of the three tiers. (10 Marks)
- b. What is SQLJ and how it is different from JDBC? (05 Marks)
- c. What is CGI and what problems does it address? (05 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Explain an Informal design guidelines for a relational schema design. (08 Marks)
- b. What do you understand by attribute closure? Give an example. (04 Marks)
- c. Consider the following relations for published books”  
Book (Book\_title, Author\_Name, Book\_type, List\_Price, Author\_Application, Publisher)  
Suppose the following dependencies exists  
Book\_Title  $\rightarrow$  Publisher, Book\_Type  
Book\_Type  $\rightarrow$  List\_price  
Author\_Name  $\rightarrow$  Author\_Affiliation.  
(i) What normal form is the relation in? Explain your answer.  
(ii) Apply normalization until you cannot decompose the relations further, state the reasons behind each decomposition. (08 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. A set of functional dependencies for the relation R{A, B, C, D, E, F} is  $AB \rightarrow C$ ,  $C \rightarrow A$ ,  $BC \rightarrow D$ ,  $ACD \rightarrow B$ ,  $BE \rightarrow C$ ,  $EC \rightarrow FA$ ,  $CF \rightarrow BD$ ,  $D \rightarrow E$ . Find minimal cover for this set of functional dependencies. (10 Marks)
- b. Define fourth normal form? When is it violated? Why is it useful? (06 Marks)
- c. Why is the domain key normal form (DKNF) known as ultimate normal form? (04 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Explain the desirable properties of transaction. (08 Marks)
- b. Describe the four levels of isolation in SQL. (06 Marks)
- c. What is the two phase locking protocol? How does it Guarantee serializability? (06 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. What is a time stamp? How does the system generates time stamps? (06 Marks)
- b. Describe the actions taken by the recovery manager during checkpointing. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain shadow paging with an example. (08 Marks)

\* \* \* \* \*